

11/2 Twoples.

- Will start writing after learning localization/equivalences.
- This past week: read Joyal's paper "Quasicats & Kan complexes"
 - Dwyer-Kan re: simplicial localization. (in HTT?)

underlying appears in [HTT, A2], but he doesn't describe simp. loc'n.

Def. \mathcal{C} : a set. $\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{C}\text{-Cat}$ is a cat.

$ob = \{ cats C \mid ob(C) = \mathcal{C} \}$
 $mor = \{ F: C \rightarrow D \text{ s.t. } Fx = x \ \forall x \in ob(C) = ob(D) = \mathcal{C} \}$

Def. free product of cats $\coprod C_i \dots$

Def. $s\mathcal{C}\text{-Cat} = \{ \text{simplicial objects in } \mathcal{C}\text{-Cat} \} = Fun(\Delta^{op}, \mathcal{C}\text{-Cat})$

Def. A cat is free if \exists a set of "generating morphisms" $S \subseteq Hom(C)$ (id's)
 s.t. any (non-id) in C is a comp. of maps in S .

Prop: free prod's of free cats are free.

Prop: every free cat is a free product of cats w/ only one generator. (??)

(Pf?) Let C be a free cat. ie. $\exists S \subseteq Hom(C)$ s.t. any $x \rightarrow y$

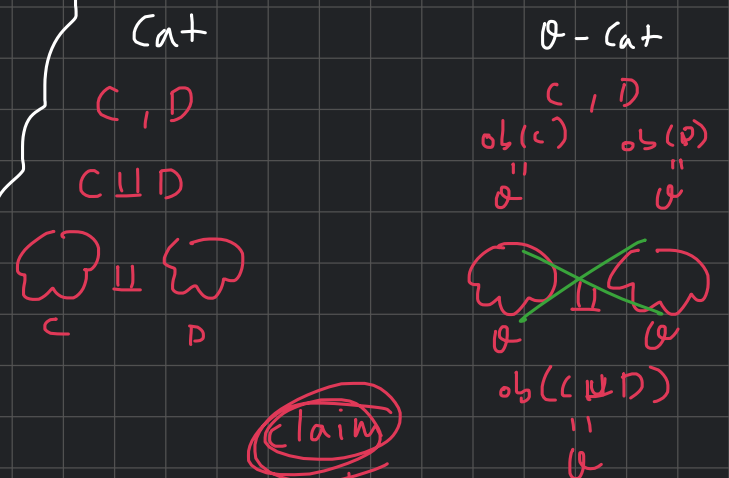
Claim: then $C = \coprod_S [1]_S$

Where $[1]_S = \{ \bullet \xrightarrow{f} \bullet \}$ where $f \in S$.

$ob(C) = \coprod_S ob([1]_S)$

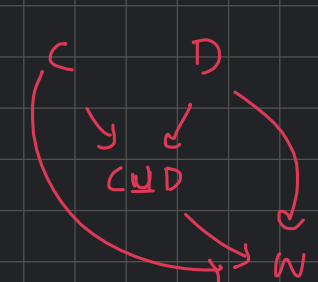
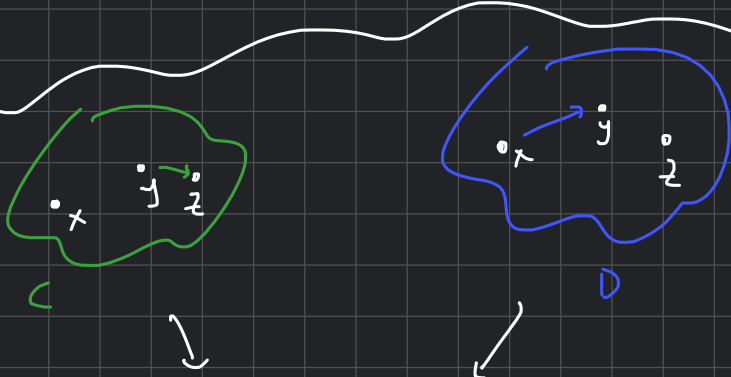
Pick $x, y \in C$. Then $Hom(x, y) =$

The \coprod in $\mathcal{C}\text{-Cat}$ is not the same as in Cat .



Claim: $Hom_{C \cup D}(x, y) \cong \{ \text{compositions } \bullet \xrightarrow{c} \bullet \xrightarrow{d} \bullet \dots \}$

$C \cup D - ob = \emptyset$
 $Hom(x, y) = \text{strings}$



simplicial localization $M \mapsto L^{DK} M$

Hammock localization (a lot easier) - used in Mazel-Gee.

$M \mapsto L^H M$

$L^{DK} M \simeq L^H M$ are equivalent (in a suitable sense)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F_* C & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & \overline{C} \\
 \downarrow \text{ob}(F_* C) & \text{id} & \downarrow \text{ob}(F_* C) \\
 \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{\text{id}} & \mathcal{C}_n \\
 F_n C & \xrightarrow{\varphi^n} & \overline{C}_n = C
 \end{array}$$

const. s. cat.
 $\overline{C} \in \text{const. s. cat.}$
 $\text{Hom}_{\overline{C}}(x, y) \in \text{set}$
 $\text{Hom}_{\overline{C}}(x, y)_n = \text{Hom}_C(x, y)$
 & face/deg-maps are id's.

"Zig zags" ...

eg. We say two top. spaces $X, Y \in \text{Top}$ are **weak htpy equiv.** if connected by a zig-zag of weak htpy equiv's.

$$X \xrightarrow{\sim} A_1 \xleftarrow{\sim} A_2 \xrightarrow{\sim} A_3 \xleftarrow{\sim} \dots \xrightarrow{\sim} A_n \xleftarrow{\sim} Y$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{in hTop.}}$

$$X \xrightarrow{\sim} Y$$

A weak eq. of cats is a functor inducing isms of all obj's of all hom-sets.

Two cats are weak htpy-equiv. if they're connected by a zig-zag...

eg.

$$L^H C \xleftarrow{\sim} \text{diag} L^H F_* C \xrightarrow{\sim} F_* C [F_* W^{-1}] = LC$$

ie. $L^H C \xrightarrow[\text{w.eq.}]{} LC$

ie. $L^H C \xrightarrow{\sim} LC$ in h(s Cat)

First D-K paper.

an eg. of a Quillen equiv. \rightsquigarrow ω -equiv.?

\hookrightarrow topological spaces & ssets?